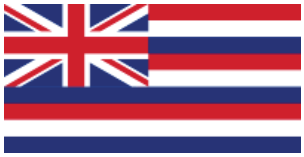
Name: _____

Date: _____ Grade: _____



Topic 1:
Hawaii

Histography
Survey of American States

Fill in the blank, mark true or false, or circle the correct answer.

1. The state of Hawaii is _____.

   (a) one large island in the Pacific Ocean

   (b) more than one hundred islands of various sizes in the Pacific Ocean, with eight of those islands being the main ones

   (c) farthest from any mainland on earth

   (d) closest to other ***terrestrial*** locations

   (e) only b and c

   (f) only a and d

2. December 7, 1941, is remembered as a day of infamy when _____ war planes viciously attacked American ships at rest in _____ Harbor.

3. That attack plunged America into _____.

   (a) WWI (b) WWII (c) peace negotiations with Japan

4. One of the top industries of Hawaii is _____.

   (a) coconut palm trees

   (b) tourism at beaches, tropical jungles, waterfalls and volcanoes

   (c) WWII memorial fund raising

   (d) surfing and sun tanning

5. Historically, some of the first sailors to reach the Hawaiian islands were the _____.

   (a) Americans (b) Polynesians (c) Sandwich Island natives (d) English

6. In 1778, Captain Cook discovered Hawaii, and it soon became a popular stopover along sailing routes. Captain Cook was a native of what country? _____

   (a) England (b) United States (c) Polynesia (d) Australia

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7. In 1810, the islands of Hawaii _____.

   (a) were united into one nation and ruled by a king

   (b) were independent city-states ruled by various groups of leaders

   (c) were uninhabited

   (d) destroyed by a hurricane

8. Some of the first missionaries arrived in the year _____ to bring civil order and to end ***paganism***, which included worship of evil spirits and human sacrifices.

9. Missionaries taught the villagers how to _____ pineapples, bananas, and rice.

   (a) cultivate (b) sell and trade (c) worship (d) manufacture

10. One of the first industries established in Hawaii by Americans was _____.

    (a) sailboat building (b) shell fish harvesting and selling

    (c) making coconut jewelry (d) the pineapple industry

11. In 1889, the islands of Hawaii became a(n) _____ of the United States.

    (a) oil industrial base (b) established slavery trade route

    (c) protected territory (d) military base

12. What popular fruit brand name and product had its beginnings in Hawaii? _____

    (a) Dole Pineapples (b) Dole Bananas

    (c) Japanese Jalapenos (d) Dole Coconuts

13. Workers from Asian nations such as _____, _____, and the Philippines flocked to Hawaii to be employed in her canning industries.

14. By 1930, the leading exporter of pineapple fruit worldwide was _____.

    (a) Honolulu (b) Hawaii (c) the ***Pacific Rim*** area

15. Hawaii became the _____ state in the United States in 1959.

16. Political decisions in Hawaii regarding taxation of businesses and subsidies for the populace have resulted in massive unemployment, homelessness, and school dropout rates. _____

    (a) True (b) False

17. The capital city of Hawaii is _____.

18. Hawaii is known as the "_____" state.

    (a) Alone (b) Pineapple (c) Aloha (d) Coconut

19. Hawaii's state motto is, "_____

    perpetuated _____ ***righteousness***."

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20. The state motto of Hawaii would indicate that the citizens of that region _____.

    (a) believe that in order for their land to be productive, they must honor God and His laws

    (b) must be superstitious and practice paganism

    (c) believe that blessings from Heaven only come if the land is productive

    (d) believe that a productive land is proof of God's blessings on them

21. Former US President Barak Obama claimed to be from Hawaii. _____

    (a) True (b) False

Match the famous people from Hawaii with their area of expertise, for #22-25.

22. _____ Kaluka Maiava, Manti Teo, Max Unger — (a) professional golf

23. _____ Michelle Wei — (b) champion surfing

24. _____ Hiram Fong, Daniel Inouye — (c) professional football

25. _____ Eddie Aikau — (d) politics

Answer from the Vignette.

26. The ancient Hawaiians had ancestral legends about people who would come from afar and tell them about God. _____ (a) True (b) False

27. However, when missionaries Hiram and Sybil _____ arrived in Hawaii, they found much _____.

28. Which was **NOT** an accomplishment of the Binghams as they helped develop a civil way of life in Hawaii?

    (a) introduced farming and marketing techniques (b) opposed pagan practices

    (c) persuaded women to wear clothes (d) stopped tribal warfare

    (e) stopped violence of whalers, sailors, and merchants

29. What basic aspects of Hawaiian life improved as the teachings of the Binghams began to take effect upon the people of that region?

    (a) paganism (b) drunkenness (c) abuse of women

    (d) all of these (e) only a and b (f) only b and c

30. What secular interests collided with the Binghams, prompting them to request military protection from the United States? _____

    (a) persons involved in whaling and sea faring industries

    (b) missionaries from other countries

    (c) US military troops

    (d) foreign troops, namely Chinese and Japanese

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31. The introduction of US troops into Hawaii solved the civil unrest created by agitators who opposed the Binghams, and the missionaries were able to continue, with the support of the native Hawaiians. _____ (a) True (b) False

32. In the end, the Binghams were blamed for Hawaii becoming a territory under US law and losing its own sovereignty. _____ (a) True (b) False

33. The Binghams' lives and efforts in Hawaii indicate that _____.

    (a) they valued human life and wanted to see harmful practices stopped and beneficial practices implemented

    (b) they valued consumerism over humanity

    (c) they did not believe in obedience to civil authority

34. Hawaii remained a US protected territory for approximately _____ years before becoming a state.

    (a) sixteen (b) sixty (c) seventy

35. **Write the Life Principle**: _____

_____

_____

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Name: _____

Date: _____ Grade: _____



Topic 2: Idaho

Histography
Survey of American States

Fill in the blank, mark true or false, or circle the correct answer.

1. **Refer to the map at the top of your text**. Idaho is in the _____ part of the United States.

   (a) northeast (b) northwest (c) central

2. An agricultural symbol of Idaho is the Idaho _____, transformed by ***foodies*** into "Idaho _____."

3. Idaho produces _____ of the nation's potatoes.

   (a) 1/2 (b) 1/3 (c) 3/4

4. Surprisingly, a second industry in Idaho (other than potato farming) is _____ mining.

   (a) gem (b) coal (c) gold (d) silver

5. Idaho is called "_____."

6. What foreign nation borders Idaho? _____

7. Name the six US states that border the state of Idaho. _____

_____

8. What three states make up the northwestern "tri-state" region of the US? _____

_____

9. What two national parks might tourists visit while touring Idaho? _____

_____

10. What three Indian tribes historically settled in the Idaho area? _____

_____

11. Some of the first white men to enter the Idaho area were of what nationality? _____

12. How did the United States obtain possession of Idaho? _____

   (a) Idaho was part of the Louisiana Purchase that transpired in 1803 between President Thomas Jefferson and Napoleon Bonaparte.

   (b) Idaho was explored and then conquered by the French who lost it during their war with the United States.

   (c) Idaho was ceded to the United States when Napoleon abdicated his throne in France.

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13. What two famous explorers were commissioned to map the Missouri River that ran through the newly acquired land from France? _____

14. The newly mapped region ***initiated*** travel to Idaho by missionaries and school teachers in their efforts to reach the primitive peoples of the area. _____

    (a) True (b) False

15. Idaho remained a wild frontier region, populated by ***unsavory*** people, until the mid-to-late 1800s when better means of travel attracted settlers who provided stability to the lawless frontier through _____.

    (a) education, employment, and law and order

    (b) the right to vote and own land

    (c) better food programs that produced better nutrition in frontier children

    (d) imprisoning Indians and renegades who refused to learn English

16. Idaho became a state in the year _____.

17. The capital of Idaho is the city of _____.

18. Name six of Idaho's largest cities. _____

_____

19. Idaho's state animal is the _____; and the state motto is, "_____ _____."

20. From its early, rugged frontier days, Idaho has become modernized, offering many universities and trade schools for high school graduates. _____

    (a) True (b) False

21. Many of the activities offered to both residents and visitors of Idaho are mostly _____.

    (a) technical in nature (b) outdoor and adventure based

    (c) clerical and educational (d) artisan and craftsman in nature

Complete these activities from the Vignette.

22. Eliza Hart Spalding was a child when the family she was visiting was slaughtered by _____ tribal members; and Eliza and _____ others were taken prisoner.

23. Little Eliza survived and was hailed a ***heroine***, meaning that she had been _____.

    (a) a traitor to her own people

    (b) courageous and brave in the face of danger

    (c) able to negotiate her freedom because of her family ties to other Indian tribes

    (d) none of these

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24. Little Eliza's mother, also named Eliza, was ***bestowed*** with the honorary title, "_____."

25. The Spaldings were part of a missionary group, along with the Whitmans who believed God had called them to evangelize the various Indian tribes in northern Idaho. _____

    (a) True (b) False

26. The first white women to cross the Continental Divide in northern territories were missionaries _____ and _____.

27. They were also the first white women to travel the _____ and cross the Rocky Mountains.

28. Mrs. Spalding and Mrs. Whitman, along with their husbands, braved hostile natives, harsh weather, and starvation to improve the lives of Indians with _____.

    (a) Christian teachings, literacy, and agricultural techniques

    (b) Mormon teachings, furniture building and honey gathering techniques

    (c) trail guides to prevent being lost in the wilderness

    (d) better child birthing techniques to save the lives of infants

29. The Spaldings learned the languages of the various Indian tribes and translated Scriptures into native tongues. _____

    (a) True (b) False

30. The first _____ was brought to Idaho by Henry Spalding.

31. Mrs. Spalding enjoyed tremendously good physical health and lived to be quite elderly. _____

    (a) True (b) False

32. **Write the Life Principle**: _____

_____

_____

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Date: _____ Grade: _____

Topic 3: Illinois



Histography
Survey of American States

Fill in the blank, mark true or false, or circle the correct answer.

1. **Refer to the map at the top of your text**. The state of Illinois is in the _____ part of the United States. (a) northwest (b) northeast (c) north central

2. The capital of Illinois is _____.

3. Cook County and Chicago, the largest city in Illinois, have distorted the view of many about the state of Illinois, as a whole. _____ (a) True (b) False

4. Although Chicago has gained a reputation of ill repute, Illinois as a state has many _____ aspects.

5. Rampant crime and corruption in Chicago earned the city the title of "_____ _____" of the United States in 2012.

6. ***Pandemic*** crime included sexual assaults, and sexual slavery, burglary, robbery, prostitution, extortion, and theft. _____ (a) True (b) False

7. What law was passed so that citizens could protect themselves against thugs on the streets of Chicago? _____

8. ***Bootlegging*** and other crimes slowed down during the "***Roaring Twenties***." _____

   (a) True (b) False

9. As many as 50% of youth in "The Windy City" who drop out of the ineffective public schools end up "on the streets" with unemployable skills. They become involved in other means for survival, such as _____.

   (a) preserving and rebuilding the city

   (b) crusading for positive changes in society

   (c) starting missions and shelters for the less fortunate

   (d) all of these

   (e) none of these

10. What event in the 1870s left Chicago residents homeless? _____

    (a) a city-wide crime spree by the mafia (b) a city-wide fire

    (c) a hurricane that came from the Great Lakes (d) none of these

11. List three historical evangelists who held enormous ***crusades*** and who made big impacts on the city of Chicago. _____

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12. What television personality broadcasted her show from Chicago? _____

13. Illinois became home to _____, the first Black President of the United States.

14. Michael Jordan, a sports icon who played for the Chicago Bulls, made the city even more famous. Mr. Jordan played what sport? _____

    (a) baseball (b) football (c) rodeos (d) basketball (e) Hockey

15. Which is **NOT** an industry that keeps the state of Illinois economically productive? _____

    (a) agriculture (b) publishing (c) broadcasting (d) electronics

    (e) food processing (f) cattle ranching (g) coal mining (h) transportation

    (i) manufacturing (j) conferences (k) auto accessories

16. What famous canal was opened in 1825 and greatly accommodates commerce for Illinois?

    _____

17. Statehood for Illinois was granted in the year _____.

18. Illinois became the _____ state in the union.

    (a) first (b) eleventh (c) twenty-first (d) thirty-first

19. One of America's most famous presidents, _____, was from Illinois and served as President during the _____.

20. Another US president who grew up in Illinois was _____, who served in office during the 1980s.

Review: Match the famous people who lived in Illinois with their accomplishments, for #21-24.

21. _____ Bill Gothard	(a) Movies
22. _____ Harrison Ford, Charlton Heston	(b) politician/lawyer
23. _____ William Jennings Bryan	(c) Supreme Court Justice
24. _____ Antonin Scalia	(d) Institute in Basic Life Principles

25. The state motto is "_____."

26. Four Illinois governors went to prison for crimes and corruption. _____

    (a) True (b) False

Match the inventors with their inventions, for #27-30.

27. _____ Josephine Cochrane	(a) cell phone
28. _____ Whitcomb Judson	(b) barbed wire
29. _____ Martin Cooper	(c) dishwasher
30. _____ Joseph Glidden	(d) metal zipper

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31. Tourist attractions include the Museum of _____,

the _____ Tower, _____ headquarters, and _____ Village.

32. **Refer to the Map of Rivers at the back of your text**. What river forms the southeastern boundary of Illinois? _____

Complete these activities from the Vignette.

33. Abraham Lincoln had all of the markings of a person with great ***potential*** who could one day become president of the United States, according to modern social scientists. _____

(a) True (b) False

34. Mr. Lincoln was born in the state of _____.

35. Mr. Lincoln's physique was _____.

(a) medium height and weight (b) short and round

(c) large and muscular (d) tall and thin

36. What four character qualities were attributed to Abe Lincoln and earned him the nickname, "Honest Abe"? _____

37. What political party affiliation did Abe Lincoln have in the state of Illinois? _____

(a) Whig (b) Tory (c) Republican (d) Democrat

38. What was the issue that decided which political party Mr. Lincoln would join? _____

(a) The Republican party supported slavery; and Mr. Lincoln believed in slavery.

(b) The Republican party did not support slavery; and Mr. Lincoln ***abhorred*** slavery.

(c) The Democrat party supported slavery; and Mr. Lincoln believed in slavery.

(d) The Democrat party did not support slavery; and Mr. Lincoln abhorred slavery.

39. Mr. Lincoln was the _____ President of the United States.

40. Abraham Lincoln was president during which war? _____

(a) the War for Independence (b) the War of 1812

(c) the Civil War (d) the Spanish American War

41. Abraham Lincoln was not able to serve for the entirety of his second term because of what? ____

(a) He had a terminal illness and died. (b) He retired and moved to Europe.

(c) He was assassinated. (d) He resigned as President.

42. **Write the Life Principle**: _____

_____

_____

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Topic 4: Indiana

Histography
Survey of American States

Fill in the blank, mark true or false, or circle the correct answer.

1. **Refer to the map at the top of your text**. Indiana is in the _____ part of the United States.

   (a) northeast (b) northwest (c) north central

2. Indiana landscapes include both _____ that Native Americans and early American pioneers tromped through and across while hunting and foraging for food.

   (a) forests and prairies (b) streams and rivers

   (c) rivers and lakes (d) mountains and canyons

3. Most early settlements of both Native Americans and pioneers were located next to _____.

   (a) mining camps (b) rivers (c) ***thoroughfares*** (d) wild life reserves

4. Modern conveniences, such as the railroad, and later electricity and mail order catalogs served to bring communities together that had previously been isolated on the prairies. _____

   (a) True (b) False

5. _____, Indiana, was the _____ city in the US to be lit up with electricity in the 1880s.

6. Indiana had many ***cottage industries***, which means that _____ were common there.

   (a) timber mills that produced cottages out of sawn lumber

   (b) home businesses that allowed moms and dads to work at home and raise their children

   (c) talented people with large intellects who invented most of America's modern conveniences

   (d) businesses served as both schools and churches

7. Part of Indiana borders the southern shores of _____.

8. The "***Rust Belt***" indicates that the area _____.

   (a) once had much manufacturing and industry; but now, many of those factories sit empty, getting "rusty"

   (b) has a lot of salt in the air due to the salty lakes; this salt "rusts" the vehicles and metal structures

   (c) has red dirt that looks like "rust"

   (d) none of these

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9. **Compare the map on page 14 of your text with the Map of the States at the back of your text.** List the seven major states that comprise the "Rust Belt." _____

_____

10. **Number in order (1-7) the progression of vehicle and road travel from the 1890s to modern days.**

_____ a highly intricate system of four and six-lane concrete freeways

_____ stripes were painted to designate lanes

_____ rutted dirt roads kept vehicles moving slowly and erratically

_____ roads, streets, and avenues began to be named

_____ electric traffic lights were introduced

_____ policemen with whistles directed traffic at busy intersections

_____ stop signs, mechanical traffic signals, and one-way streets were used to control traffic

11. Hammond, Terre Haute, South Bend, Ft. Wayne, and Kokomo are the names of _____ in Indiana.

(a) rivers (b) counties (c) cities (d) industries

12. The capital of "The Hoosier State" is _____.

13. The _____ River runs through Indiana, crossing from neighboring states, Ohio and Illinois.

Match the people with their accomplishments, for #14-23.

14. _____ Dr. Jack Hyles	(a) violinist
15. _____ Dr. Gene Hood	(b) planted apple seeds across America
16. _____ Bill Gaither	(c) WWII correspondent, Pulitzer Prize winner
17. _____ Madam C.J. Walker	(d) Black pop singer
18. _____ Joshua Bell	(e) Gospel music singer
19. _____ Jim Davis	(f) war hero
20. _____ Michael Jackson	(g) first Black millionaire
21. _____ John Chapman	(h) bus ministry, evangelism
22. _____ Ernie Pyle	(i) cartoonist
23. _____ Edgar Whitcomb	(j) Christian work in Papua, New Guinea

Complete these activities from the Vignette.

24. Edgar Whitcomb joined the military in time to fight in which war? _____

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25. In the military, he was trained as a ***navigator*** to _____.

(a) fly fighter jets (b) plan routes for bombing missions

(c) rescue prisoners detained in enemy camps (d) all of these

26. Edgar Whitcomb was captured by enemy soldiers and held in a prison camp. _____

(a) True (b) False

27. Mr. Whitcomb was able to escape by jumping into a Japanese jet and flying it when no one was looking. _____ (a) True (b) False

28. Mr. Whitcomb was successful in his escape, but was recaptured, beaten, tortured, and ***interned*** again. _____ (a) True (b) False

29. At the end of the war, Mr. Whitcomb was released, and he returned to the United States. _____

(a) True (b) False

30. Mr. Whitcomb became involved in politics and was first elected as _____.

(a) a representative in the Indiana legislature (b) Secretary of State

(c) Governor of Indiana (d) President of the United States

31. Mr. Whitcomb wrote a book titled, "_____," that told of his experiences as a prisoner of war.

32. Mr. Whitcomb was elected as _____ of Indiana and served from 1969-1973.

33. One of Mr. Whitcomb's interests was sailing. Which routes did he follow in a sailboat?

_____

(a) He followed the journeys of ***Paul***, the first Jewish Christian missionary and author of many books in the Bible.

(b) He followed the journeys of Christopher Columbus, the Spanish/Portuguese explorer who is credited with discovering the Americas.

(c) He sailed through the Panama Canal and over to Hawaii, then continued to the Indian Ocean.

(d) He rounded the tip of India and sailed to the Suez Canal.

(e) all of these

(f) none of these

(g) only a and b

(h) only c and d

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34. While sailing solo around many parts of the world, Mr. Whitcomb encountered many adventures, including _____.

    (a) pirates, storm, whales, and reefs (one which sank his boat)

    (b) disease, starvation, malnutrition

    (c) lack of preparation, lack of direction, and bad radio connections

    (d) all of these

35. Mr. Whitcomb died at sea when his ship sank on a coral reef, and no one was there to rescue him.
    _____ (a) True (b) False

36. **Write the Life Principle**: _____

_____

_____

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Histography
Survey of American States



Fill in the blank, mark true or false, or circle the correct answer.

1. **Refer to the map at the top of your text.** Iowa is in the _____ part of the United States.

   (a) northeast (b) northwest (c) north central

2. U.S. Highway 80 runs _____ across the state of Iowa.

   (a) north and south (b) east and west

   (c) diagonally (d) in circles

3. One of the main industries of Iowa is _____.

   (a) Interstate construction (b) agriculture production

   (c) tourism and recreation (d) tractor manufacturing

4. The agricultural production of Iowa typically takes what form? _____

   (a) fishing and hunting (b) timber harvesting

   (c) farming and ranching (d) gardening and landscaping

5. Iowa became the _____ state in the United States.

   (a) second (b) seventeenth (c) twenty-ninth

6. In what year did Iowa become a state? _____

   (a) 1900 (b) 1899 (c) 1846 (d) 1816

7. The "Hawkeye State" capital is _____.

   (a) Des Moines (b) Sioux City (c) Rapid City (d) Iowa City

8. Huge grain ***elevators*** dot the land. _____ (a) True (b) False

9. The main agricultural product of Iowa is _____.

   (a) potatoes (b) ethanol (c) corn (d) petroleum

10. _____, an additive to fuel for vehicles, comes from _____.

    (a) TNT; soybeans (b) Oil; oats (c) Ethanol; corn (d) Whiskey; petroleum

11. Other grains besides corn are also grown in Iowa, such as oats. _____ is a popular brand of oat products, packaged and distributed from Iowa.

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12. In the state of Iowa, parents and students have abundant school choice. _____

(a) True (b) False

13. Only secular colleges and universities are found in Iowa. _____

(a) True (b) False

14. The majority faith in the state of Iowa is _____.

(a) Islam (b) secular humanism (c) Judaism (d) Christianity

15. Iowa is a safe place for runaways, because the ***sex-slave*** business is non-existent there. _____

(a) True (b) False

16. The first woman from Iowa elected to Congress was _____.

17. The popular kitchen appliance manufacturer _____ was from Iowa.

(a) Frederick Maytag (b) John Whirlpool (c) Ronald Kenmore (d) Frank Kirby

Match the famous people with their accomplishments, for #18-22.

18. _____ Buffalo Bill Cody
19. _____ John Wayne
20. _____ Glenn Miller
21. _____ Herbert Hoover
22. _____ Robert Schuller

(a) famous WWII era band leader
(b) founded Crystal Cathedral in L.A.
(c) 31st US President
(d) western showman
(e) movie star, patriot

23. The people of Iowa tend to be politically active. _____

(a) True (b) False

Complete these activities from the Vignettes.

24. Famous television actor _____ was born in Winterset, Iowa.

25. John Wayne first attended college in order to _____.

(a) play football (b) act in the drama department
(c) become active in politics (d) study sports medicine

26. After John Wayne sustained an injury, he switched his focus to _____.

(a) football (b) acting (c) politics (d) religion
(e) sports medicine (f) all of these except e (g) only a and b (h) only b and c

27. John Wayne's politics leaned toward _____.

(a) communism (b) conservatism (c) liberalism (d) patriotism
(e) only a and c (f) only b and d (g) all of these (h) none of these

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28. John Wayne excelled and became famous in which area of his life? _____

    (a) football (b) acting (c) politics

    (d) religion (e) sports medicine (f) none of these

29. Even though he acted as a cowboy in movies, John Wayne really did not like the western lifestyle. _____ (a) True (b) False

30. John Wayne's religious beliefs prohibited him from engaging in _____ in movies.

    (a) drinking alcoholic beverages (b) smoking cigarettes, cigars, or pipes

    (c) cursing and fighting (d) sexual acts of any kind

31. The values that John Wayne espoused in movies made him _____.

    (a) one of the most celebrated and honored American actors of all time

    (b) the most hated American actor of all time

    (c) ineffective on screen and in real life

    (d) unable to act very well, and he had trouble getting hired

32. _____ never knew his father and spent time in an orphanage.

33. Billy became a professional _____ player.

34. Later, he gave up fame and fortune to become an _____.

35. **Write the Life Principle**: _____

_____

_____

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Name: _____

Date: _____ Grade: _____



Topic 6: Kansas

Histography
Survey of American States

Fill in the blank, mark true or false, or circle the correct answer.

1. **Refer to the map at the top of your text.** Kansas is the center-most state in the United States. _____ (a) True (b) False

2. Prior to the Civil War, Kansas had a history of violence as pro and anti-slavery factions clashed over key issues, which has led to her being referred to as "_____."

3. Kansas was admitted as the _____ state in the year 1861.

4. The capital of "The Wheat State" is the city of _____.

5. During the 1870s, the Kansas plains were a thoroughfare for transporting buffalo hides. _____

   (a) True (b) False

6. Wagon trains traveling westward had to negotiate the Kansas plains to reach California and other destinations. Two of the dangers the wagon trains encountered were bands of _____ and renegade _____.

7. The US military was instrumental in making the plains safe for travelers by rounding up renegade Indians and imprisoning outlaws. _____ (a) True (b) False

8. List the Kansas cities that housed cattle ***stockyards*** during the post Civil War era of the cattle drives. _____

9. Due to the rolling hills and relatively flat and treeless landscape, Kansas became an ideal place to grow _____, and became the number one _____-producing state in the US.

10. In addition to Kansas being known as "The ***Breadbasket*** State" and other names, it is also called part of "_____" due to the annual number of _____ that threaten Kansas residents.

11. An older, but still popular, movie set in Kansas is _____.

Match the famous people with their accomplishments, for #12-16.

12. _____ Hattie McDaniel
13. _____ Amelia Earhart
14. _____ Donald Howard
15. _____ Robert Dole
16. _____ Barry Sanders

(a) founded Accelerated Christian Education
(b) first Black woman Academy Award winner
(c) Detroit Lions football star
(d) first female solo flight across Atlantic Ocean
(e) WWII hero, Presidential candidate

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Complete these activities from the Vignette.

17. Fred Harvey was a teenaged immigrant from the country of _____.

18. His first employment was with what industry? _____

    (a) environmental concerns (b) the railroad (c) hospitals (d) immigration

19. Due to his lack of satisfaction with current conditions in the ***hospitality industry***, Harvey improved _____ for railway customers.

    (a) railway travel and safety

    (b) overnight accommodations and eating establishments along the line

    (c) matchmaking among single men and women

    (d) entertainment on board trains

20. One of Harvey's hallmarks was his employment of single women who became known as _____.

21. Mr. Harvey's female employees along the railway became known by ***patrons*** for their _____.

    (a) beauty (b) courtesy and efficiency

    (c) singing voices and smart uniforms (d) black bow ties and black shoes

22. Harvey became an ***icon*** for quality _____ and _____.

23. An icon is something that is easily _____.

    (a) recognizable (b) distinguished from others

    (c) both of these (d) neither of these

24. **Write the Life Principle**: _____

_____

_____

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Date: _____ Grade: _____



Topic 7: Kentucky

Histography
Survey of American States

Fill in the blank, mark true or false, or circle the correct answer.

1. **Refer to the map at the top of your text.** Kentucky is more toward the _____ part of the United States. (a) northern (b) southern (c) east central

2. The state of Kentucky has many interesting and intriguing historical points, ranging from _____.

   (a) ***moonshiners*** to The Second ***Great Awakening*** and spiritual awareness

   (b) fried chicken on the plate to soldiers on the battlefield

   (c) respectable frontiersmen to feuding homesteaders

   (d) all of these

   (e) none of these

   (f) only a and b

   (g) only b and c

3. Some of the Native American tribes that inhabited Kentucky were the _____.

   (a) Navajo and Apache (b) Shawnee and Cherokee

   (c) Apache and Comanche (d) Cayuse and Shoshone

4. In the 1700s, frontiersman Daniel Boone lead an exploration party through the _____.

   (a) Ohio Pass (b) Bluegrass Pass (c) Cumberland Gap (d) Virginia Pass

5. Daniel Boone established the town of _____ in Kentucky.

   (a) Boonesborough (b) Cumberland (c) Ohio Pall (d) Boonestown

6. Kentucky was originally part of Virginia. _____ (a) True (b) False

7. Kentucky became a state in the year _____.

   (a) 1767 (b) 1792 (c) 1861 (d) 1865

8. **Refer to the Chart of States and Capital Cities at the front of your text**. The capital of Kentucky is _____.

9. The states that border Kentucky include _____.

   (a) Illinois, Ohio, Indiana, Florida (b) Virginia, Tennessee, Alabama, Texas

   (c) Mississippi, Colorado, Ohio, Illinois (d) Ohio, Missouri, Virginia, West Virginia

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10. The Ohio River forms part of Kentucky's _____ and _____ borders.

11. Kentucky's motto is "_____."

12. During the Civil War, Kentucky _____.

    (a) left the Union and joined the Confederacy (b) joined both the Union and the Confederacy

    (c) remained in the Union (d) formed its own nation

13. By the mid 1800s, _____ and _____ were ***rampant*** in Kentucky.

14. The deadly feuds between the _____ and _____ clans went on for over twenty-five years.

15. If a preacher taught ***abolition***, he taught that alcohol should be abolished.. _____

    (a) True (b) False

16. "***Brush arbor***" ***revival*** meetings resulted in positive reforms, and established Kentucky as part of the ***Bible Belt***. _____ (a) True (b) False

17. **Compare the map on page 25 of your text with the map of the states at the back of this chapter.** Which 14 states (all or most) other than Kentucky are considered to be part of the "Bible Belt"? _____

    _____

18. After the Civil War, the economy of Kentucky was revived by _____.

    (a) Government welfare programs and business takeovers by the government

    (b) Business men and women pulling together to create private enterprises such as ranching, farming, tourist attractions, and manufacturing

    (c) an influx of migrant workers to do the jobs that no one else wanted to do

    (d) riots in the streets and people demanding better jobs and higher wages

19. Kentucky's Mammoth Cave is _____.

    (a) the longest cave system known in the world

    (b) a cave where mammoths were discovered after Noah's flood

    (c) an underground forest system of rich timber

    (d) 12.7 million acres in size

20. One of Kentucky's main sources of income is _____.

    (a) cave explorations (b) forestry and timber harvesting

    (c) fried chicken sales (d) mining and storing of gold

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21. Kentucky is well known for several ***unique*** reasons, including _____.

(a) the location of Fort Knox

(b) the creation of Colonel Sanders Kentucky Fried Chicken

(c) the Kentucky Derby, a world famous horse race

(d) the birthplace of President Abraham Lincoln

(e) a real-size replica of Noah's Ark

(f) all of these

(g) only a and b

(h) only c and d

22. Other famous people from Kentucky include _____ (country singer) and _____ (boxing champion).

23. Some of Kentucky's main cities are _____.

(a) Louisville (b) Lexington (c) Bowling Green (d) Owensboro

(e) Frankfort (f) only a, b, and c (g) only b, c, and d (h) only c, d, and e

(i) only a and e (j) all of these

Complete these activities from the Vignette.

24. Famous American frontiersman Daniel Boone was born in Kentucky. _____

(a) True (b) False

25. Daniel grew up learning forest survival skills from his father and learning his academics from his mother. _____ (a) True (b) False

26. Daniel enjoyed exploring where other white men had never been. _____

(a) True (b) False

27. Daniel Boone was an excellent woodsman and pioneer, and was quite capable of defending himself. _____ (a) True (b) False

28. Daniel Boone lead exploration troops into Kentucky and established a safe place for pioneers to bring their families. He is considered the _____.

(a) first white man to discover Kentucky (b) founder of the state of Kentucky

(c) protector of Kentucky (d) architect of Kentucky

29. **Write the Life Principle**: _____

_____

_____

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Date: _____ Grade: _____



Topic 8: Louisiana

Histography
Survey of American States

Fill in the blank, mark true or false, or circle the correct answer.

1. **Refer to the map at the top of your text.** Louisiana is in the _____ part of the United States.

   (a) central (b) south central (c) southeastern

2. The state of Louisiana was once part of a much larger parcel of land called the _____ _____. French dictator _____ sold the land to the United States, whose president at that time was _____.

3. What year did that transaction take place? _____

4. From the Louisiana Purchase, how many states were created? _____

5. What two famous explorers were ***commissioned*** to scout the new land purchase and to make reports back to the president? _____

6. Their reports of the new land stimulated an ***influx*** of settlers into _____.

7. Many of the early settlers in the Louisiana territory were of French heritage and African heritage. This resulted in a unique culture of citizens in the Louisiana area, called _____ or _____.

8. On a menu in a restaurant in Louisiana, one might expect to find _____.

   (a) boiled crawfish and shrimp gumbo (b) alligator or ***feral hog*** steaks

   (c) roasted pelican with magnolia sauce (d) only a and b

   (e) only b and c (f) all of these

9. Louisiana became a state in the year _____.

10. The capital of Louisiana is _____.

11. The Battle of New Orleans is where American troops under General Andrew Jackson defeated British troops. _____ (a) True (b) False

12. Famous 1960s country singer _____ recorded a number-one hit song about the Battle of _____.

13. Louisiana is known for its festivals, the chief one being the _____.

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14. That celebration, prior to Easter, is a unique mix of _____.

    (a) sacred religious ceremony and pagan rituals

    (b) folk dances and country music

    (c) the reenactment of the birth and resurrection of Christ

    (d) a celebration of the uniqueness of the Magnolia tree

15. The Louisiana state flower is the _____; the state bird is the _____, from which the state's nickname, "The Pelican State", is derived.

16. In 2005, a massive hurricane named _____ devastated New Orleans, Louisiana.

17. Some notable icons of Louisiana are _____.

    (a) casinos (b) the Superdome (c) the Saints football team

    (d) the bridge over Lake Pontchartrain (e) only a and b (f) only b and c

    (g) only c and d (h) all of these

Review: Match the famous people with their accomplishments, for #18-23.

18. _____ Duck Dynasty (a) concert pianist

19. _____ "Fats" Domino, Louis Armstrong, Pete Fountain (b) designed heart surgery equipment

20. _____ Jim Bowie (c) football quarterback

21. _____ Dr. Michael DeBakey (d) jazz music

22. _____ Van Cliburn (e) famous knife inventor

23. _____ Drew Brees (f) popular TV Louisiana "swamp family"

24. What two Interstate highways pass through Louisiana? _____

Complete these activities from the Vignette.

25. C.J. Walker, daughter of _____ and ***sharecroppers***, was born in Louisiana shortly after the _____ War.

26. C.J.'s specialty was _____.

    (a) facial make-up (b) dry cleaning and laundry

    (c) hair-care products (d) studies in single parent living

27. In 1908, Ms. Walker opened a _____ to train more "_____," and eventually employed some _____ people.

28. C.J. became the first Black female _____ in the US.

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29. C.J. Walker overcame many obstacles on her road to success. Which was **NOT** one of them? ___

(a) heritage (b) poverty (c) lack of education

(d) failed marriages (e) alcoholism (f) single parent issues

(g) unemployed/alcoholic husband

30. Mrs. Walker lived in such a way that others would be wise to emulate her ***legacy***. _____

(a) True (b) False

31. **Write the Life Principle**: _____

_____

_____

32. In her statement, Madame Walker indicated that opportunities will be missed by unmotivated people. _____

(a) True (b) False

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Topic 9: Maine

Histography
Survey of American States

Fill in the blank, mark true or false, or circle the correct answer.

1. **Refer to the map at the top of your text.** The state of Maine is in the _____ corner.

   (a) far northeast (b) far west (c) far north (d) far south

2. The southeastern portion on the state of Maine borders _____.

   (a) the Atlantic Ocean (b) the Pacific Ocean

   (c) the state of New York (d) state of Vermont

3. For which of these ***crustaceans*** is the state of Main famous for? _____

   (a) crabs (b) Maine shrimp (c) lobsters (d) clams

4. Main is home to the _____, a famous tourist location for Americans.

   (a) Yellowstone National Park (c) Acadia National Park

   (b) the Arbuckle Wilderness National Park (d) Smoky Mountains

5. The people of Maine are _____.

   (a) known for their dependence upon government welfare programs

   (b) industrious, entrepreneurial and creative

   (c) illiterate, unemployable, and argumentative

   (d) excellent in their scientific pursuits of technology

6. Forests cover _____ of Maine. (a) very little (b) half (c) most

7. A chief industry of Maine is _____.

   (a) technology (b) sail boating (c) educational choice (d) timber

8. In 1947, the state of Maine suffered from a _____ that destroyed much of its maple forests.

   (a) hurricane (b) drought (c) tornado (d) forest fire

9. In 1820, Maine separated from the huge block of land that included Massachusetts and became a separate _____.

   (a) territory (b) state of the United States (c) province of Canada

10. The capital of "The Pine Tree State" is _____.

    (a) Portland (b) Bangor (c) Augusta

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11. Maine boasts one of the _____ populations in the United States.

(a) most dense (b) most sparse (c) wealthiest (d) most intelligent

12. The state of Maine borders what foreign nation? _____

(a) Massachusetts (b) Canada (c) Nova Scotia (d) New Hampshire

13. The state of Maine is bordered by what other state? _____

(a) Massachusetts (b) Canada (c) Vermont (d) New Hampshire

14. What wildlife animal that inhabits Maine is an attraction for hunters to ***descend*** upon each year? _____ (a) Maine deer (b) the Alaskan brown bear (c) moose (d) elk

15. Originally founded by pioneers who sought "***unorthodox***" religious freedom, Maine has continued to stay deeply religious in our modern era. _____

(a) True (b) False

16. Maine forms a tri-state area with what other states? _____

(a) New Hampshire and Vermont (b) Massachusetts and Vermont

(c) Rhode Island and New York (d) Vermont and New York

17. What famous American poet was from the state of Maine? _____

(a) Edgar Allan Poe (c) Joshua Chamberlain

(b) Henry Wadsworth Longfellow (d) Emily Dickinson

Complete these activities from the Vignette.

18. Joshua Chamberlain was an American from the state of Maine who fought in the _____.

(a) War for Independence (b) War of 1812

(c) Civil War (d) Spanish-American War

19. Joshua Chamberlain was an officer _____.

(a) in the Union Army during the Civil War

(b) in the Confederate Army during the Civil War

(c) in the British Army during the War for Independence

(d) in the Spanish Army during the Spanish-American War

20. Chamberlain's battle at (the) _____ became a famous scene and the topic of poem, songs, and movies.

(a) Little Round Top (b) Fort Knox (c) Delaware River (d) Maine River

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21. Joshua Chamberlain gained a reputation for _____.

    (a) bravery, honesty, commitment, and courtesy

    (b) vicious attacks on slaves, drunkenness, and deceit

    (c) cowardice, being non-committal, and laziness

    (d) none of these

22. For his ***gallantry*** on the battlefield, _____ earned the ***Medal of Honor***.

    (a) Robert E. Lee (b) Ulysses Grant (c) Joshua Chamberlain

23. Joshua Chamberlain later served as governor of the state of Maine. _____

    (a) True (b) False

24. **Write the Life Principle**: _____

_____

_____

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Date: _____ Grade: _____





Histography
Survey of American States

Fill in the blank, mark true or false, or circle the correct answer.

1. **Refer to the map at the top of your text.** Maryland is on the _____ coast of the United States.

2. In which war did Chesapeake Bay in Maryland **NOT** play a part? _____

   (a) War of 1812 (b) Civil War (c) WWI

3. Francis Scott Key wrote "The Star Spangled Banner" in 1814 from _____.

   (a) Chesapeake Bay (b) a Confederate ship (c) a Union ship

4. What is the "Mason-Dixon Line"? _____

   (a) a survey line pertaining to land grants, dating back to the 1700s

   (b) a boundary line between Maryland (to the south) and Pennsylvania (to the north) pertaining to Union and Confederate states during the 1800s

   (c) a boundary named after the ***tranquility*** and ***turmoil*** of two disputing parties, Charles Mason and Jeremiah Dixon

   (d) all of these

   (e) only a and b

   (f) only b and c

5. Congress set aside parts of Maryland and Virginia in 1791 to form the federal area known as the _____, or Washington, D.C.

   (a) Mason-Dixon Line (b) District of Columbia

   (c) Congress land allotment (d) boundary of the Civil War

6. In the 1800s, slaves were often smuggled through Maryland _____.

   (a) on the Mason-Dixon Line, a railroad used for transporting passengers

   (b) by Mr. Mason and Mr. Dixon who then transported the slaves to Washington, D.C.

   (c) across the Mason-Dixon Line by Frederick Douglass, Harriet Tubman, and others to freedom

   (d) on their way from Canada to the American South

7. Although Maryland was a Southern state, it never joined the Confederacy during the Civil War.
   _____ (a) True (b) False

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8. The city of Baltimore, Maryland has often suffered from racial strife since the Civil War era. _____ (a) True (b) False

9. A main industry is fishing, and Maryland leads the nation in harvesting _____.

10. Historically, Baltimore, Maryland's religious background is _____.

(a) Catholic (b) Anglican (c) Methodist (d) Baptist

11. Maryland became a state in the year _____.

(a) 1634 (b) 1788 (c) 1814 (d) 1978

12. The capital of Maryland is _____.

(a) Baltimore (b) Annapolis (c) Columbia (d) Germantown

13. The state motto is "_____."

14. Maryland is home to the famous _____.

(a) US Naval Academy (b) Baltimore Ravens (c) Johns Hopkins University

(d) all of these (e) none of these (f) only a and b

15. Famous brain surgeon _____ was a lead surgeon at Johns Hopkins Hospital in Baltimore, Maryland. He also ran for the US Republican Presidential nomination in 2016.

(a) Dr. Ben Carson (b) Dr. Harriet Tubman

(c) Dr. Frederick Douglass (d) Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.

Complete these activities from the Vignette.

16. Harriet Tubman was a woman who risked her own life to assist many people caught up in the slavery system in the 1800s. _____ (a) True (b) False

17. The ***Underground Railroad*** was _____.

(a) an actual train that ran at night only (b) an actual train that transported runaway slaves

(c) the term for a system (d) none of these

18. Harriet and many of her friends established that "railroad" for smuggling _____ across the _____ so they could attain their freedom.

19. Harriet Tubman has once been a slave, herself, in Maryland. _____

(a) True (b) False

20. Harriet's husband was a fierce leader in the slavery-smuggling system and helped many people escape from bondage. _____ (a) True (b) False

21. **Write the Life Principle**: _____

_____

_____

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